Safe use of **medication**

For example Terramycin LA injectable will be used.

Make a ☑ if you agree with the question:

Medicine used for:

Cattle: Gall sickness, heart water, pneumonia, foot rot, joint-ill, navel-ill and pink eye.
Pigs: Pneumonia, joint ill and navel ill.
Sheep and goats: Heart water, pneumonia, foot rot, joint-ill and navel-ill.

• *Do I want to treat anyone of the above problems?* ☐

How to use it: (where to inject)

Inject into muscle or under the skin.

• *Do I know where to inject the animal?* ☐

Storage:

Store below 30˚C, keep out of sunlight, keep top rubber clean.

• *Was this product stored correctly, so that I can still use it?* ☐

Dosage:

1ml per 10kg: If my animal weighs 250kg how many millilitres do I inject?
250/10 = 25 ml. Take the animal's body weight (kg) and divide by 10, because each ml will treat 10kg. This means a quarter of a 100ml bottle for one treatment of a 250kg animal.

• *Do I know how much to inject the animal?* ☐

Withdrawal periods:

Do not eat the meat for the next 28 days after last treatment. Do not drink the milk for the next 5 days after last treatment.

• *Do I understand the withdrawal periods?* ☐

If all the blocks are ticked ☑ - go ahead and treat. If not, STOP, don't treat the animal, as this can have detrimental effects. Contact your Pfizer representative or animal health technician.

Why do we have to look at the following?

- **Indicated for:** It won't help to use a product if it wasn't developed for the problem you have with your animal.
- **Storage:** If the temperature went above indicated highest temperature for a longish period, the product might not work as it should. Some products (vaccines) might not work at all.
- **How to use it:** If injected wrongly, the animal could die or the product won't work.
- **Dosage:** Giving too little will not help the animal and could lead to antibiotic resistance, which means that the product will not work if needed and applied later on.
- **Withdrawal periods:** To ensure human disease-causing bacteria do not develop antibiotic resistance through low levels of exposure when humans consume animals or animal products and to ensure humans do not get exposed to medicines that may be detrimental to their health. UM